The Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine: What You Need to Know

Why get vaccinated against COVID-19?

This COVID-19 vaccine can prevent COVID-19 infection.

The COVID-19 infection (also called coronavirus disease 2019) is caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus. Symptoms can range from no symptoms at all to severe acute respiratory syndrome. Most common symptoms include fever, cough, loss of smell or taste and fatigue.

Symptoms usually appear 2 to 14 days after infection. Early symptoms may include a loss of taste or smell. Other symptoms include shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, muscle aches, chills, sore throat, runny nose, headache and chest pain. Some people have experienced rash, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea.

Some people have only mild symptoms or none at all. Children are less likely to have symptoms and more likely to have a mild form of the illness.

Some people develop lung or organ infections severe enough to result in hospitalization and death. The risk of severe disease increases with age over 50 years, obesity and the presence of other medical conditions.

SARS-CoV-2 spreads by respiratory droplets or small particles when an infected person coughs, sneezes, sings, talks or breathes, especially when in close contact (within 6 feet) with other people.

Some people have reported they have gotten the virus twice. This is called reinfection. But this is not thought to be common.

The virus is more contagious than influenza or the flu. This means it spreads more easily from person to person. It is also more likely to result in hospitalization, critical care and death.

The Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine provides protection against COVID-19 infection. It is one of several vaccines developed to protect against COVID-19 infection.

In a randomized, controlled trial involving over 40,000 volunteers, the vaccine prevented COVID-19 in 95% of people vaccinated. The 95% prevention rate was about the same no matter the age, sex, ethnicity or race of the people who received it.

The Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine is recommended for everyone 5 years of age and older. The vaccine is given in two doses. The second dose is given at least 21 days after the first.

If you are immunocompromised, your health care provider may recommend you receive a third dose at least 4 weeks after the second dose.

The Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine is recommended for children 5 to 11 years of age and older. The vaccine dose given to this age group is one-third of the dose given to adolescents and adults 12 years and older.

This vaccine is given in two doses. The second dose is given 21 days or more after the first dose.
Risks of a vaccine reaction

- Pain. Most people had pain where the shot was given. This happened with both doses. In some, the injection pain was severe enough to prevent them from doing daily activities.

- Redness or swelling. A few people had redness or swelling where the shot was given.

- Fever. About 1 in 5 people, 18 to 55 years old, got a fever after they received the vaccine. 1 in 3 of the people who had fevers had a temperature ranging from 100.4 to 101.1 degrees Fahrenheit.

Talk with your health care provider

Tell your vaccine provider if you:

- Have had an allergic reaction after a previous dose of the Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine or have any severe, life-threatening allergy (anaphylaxis) to components in the vaccine, any other vaccine or any injectable therapy.

- Are experiencing signs or symptoms of COVID-19 infection.

- Are acutely ill or contagious with the COVID-19 infection.

- Had COVID-19 infection in the last 90 days.

- Have a condition that causes your immune system to be weakened or compromised. It is safe to get the vaccine, but this may mean that the vaccine won’t be as effective for you.

- Are taking a blood-thinning medication or have a bleeding disorder.

- Are pregnant or breastfeeding.

In some situations, your health care provider may decide to postpone the COVID-19 vaccination to a future visit.

People with minor illnesses, such as a bladder infection, may be vaccinated. People who are moderately or severely ill should usually wait until they recover before getting this COVID-19 vaccine.

Your health care provider can give you more information and answer any questions.

The Pfizer/BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine booster

A booster dose of this vaccine is now available. You can get the booster dose 6 months after you received the second dose.

People who should receive the booster dose include:

- Those who are 65 years of age and older.
- Those who are 18 to 65 years of age and live in long-term care settings.
- Those who are 50 to 65 years of age with underlying health conditions, such as diabetes, asthma, COPD, obesity and mood disorders.

People who may receive a booster vaccine include:

- Those who are 18 to 49 years of age with underlying health conditions.
- Those who are 18 to 64 years of age and are at increased risk for COVID-19 exposure and transmission because of a job or time spent in an institutional setting. Examples include health care workers, teachers, day care staff, grocery workers and those in homeless shelters and prisons.

It is recommended that you get the same booster brand as your initial vaccine. However, it is safe and acceptable to get any of the authorized COVID-19 vaccine boosters. If your initial vaccine was the Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine, get your booster dose 6 months after you received your initial vaccine.

Only use a different vaccine brand for your booster dose. It is not recommended that you use different vaccine brands for your initial vaccine series or for an additional dose if you have a weakened immune system.

Ask your health care provider if you have questions.

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The rest ranged from 101.3 to 102.0 degrees Fahrenheit. Only 1 in 10 people, 65 to 85 years old, got a fever after the second dose, ranging from 100.4 to 101.1 degrees Fahrenheit.

• **Fatigue.** About 1 in 4 to 3 in 4 people had fatigue after they received the vaccine. This was more common with the second dose and in younger adults. The fatigue was sometimes severe enough to prevent them from doing daily activities.

• **Chills.** About 1 in 3 to 1 in 2 people had chills. For some, this was severe.

• **Headache, muscle pain or joint pain.** This was reported by some.

These reactions are more frequent and more severe after the second dose and in those 65 years and younger. These side effects generally occurred within 2 days after vaccination and got better in 24 to 48 hours.

You should still get the second dose of Pfizer/BioNTech vaccine even if you had one of these reactions after the first dose.

People sometimes faint after medical procedures, including vaccinations. Tell your provider if you feel dizzy, have vision changes or have ringing in your ears.

As with any medicine, there is a very small chance of a vaccine causing a severe allergic reaction, other serious injury or death.

• **Myocarditis and pericarditis.** In a few rare cases, people have developed inflammation of the heart muscle, called myocarditis, or inflammation of the lining outside the heart, called pericarditis, after receiving this vaccine. In people who developed these conditions, symptoms began within a few days of the vaccination. These symptoms are more common after the second dose of vaccine. Most of those who developed these conditions were male adolescents and young adults 16 years and older. **Seek medical care right away if you have any of these symptoms:**
  - Chest pain.
  - Shortness of breath.
  - Heart palpitations, a fast-beating heart, feeling like your heart skips a beat, or feeling like your heart is fluttering.

7 **What if there is a serious problem?**

An allergic reaction could occur after you leave the clinic. **If you have signs of a severe allergic reaction, such as hives, swelling of the face or throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness or weakness, call 911 or have someone drive you to the nearest hospital.**

For other symptoms that concern you, call your health care provider.

Adverse or allergic reactions should be reported to the Vaccine Adverse Event Reporting System (VAERS). Your health care provider will usually file this report or you can do it yourself. Visit the VAERS website at [www.vaers.hhs.gov](http://www.vaers.hhs.gov) or call 1-800-822-7967.

**VAERS is only for reporting reactions and VAERS staff does not give medical advice.**

8 **How can I learn more?**

- Ask your health care provider.
- Call your local or state health department.
- Contact the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):
  - Call 1-800-232-4636 (1-800-CDC-INFO) or
  - Visit the CDC at [www.cdc.gov/vaccines](http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines)

9 **How can I help?**

V-SAFE is a voluntary vaccine safety data collection system. You can enroll in V-SAFE on your phone or other device. Mayo Clinic asks all COVID-19 vaccine recipients to take part. It uses text messaging and web surveys to provide personalized health check-ins after COVID-19 vaccination. V-SAFE allows you to report any side effects after COVID-19 vaccination to the CDC soon after they occur. It also reminds you to get your second COVID-19 vaccine dose. Sign up for V-SAFE at [https://vsafe.cdc.gov](https://vsafe.cdc.gov) when you get your first dose of COVID-19 vaccine.